APR 3 0 2013

510(k) Summary for the NMI Port

Date prepared: 07 -Sep -2012

A. Sponsor

Navilyst Medical, Inc 26 Forest Street Marlborough, MA 01752

B. Contact

Lorraine M. Hanley Vice President, Global Regulatory Affairs 508-494-1129

Or

Wanda M. Carpinella Director, Global Regulatory Affairs 508-658-7929

C. Device Name

Trade Name:

NMI Port

Common/Usual name:

Classification Name:

Implanted Port Catheter, Subcutaneous, Implanted, Intravascular Infusion Port and

Catheter

Classification Panel:

21CFR§880.5965, Class II

General Hospital

D. Predicate Device(s)

Common/Usual name:

Peripherally Inserted Central Catheter (PICC)

Classification Name:

Short and Long-Term Intravascular Catheter

Classification Panel:

21CFR§880.5965, Class II

Premarket Notification(s):

K030083, K031844, K032008, K032375, K032600, K071993, K072481 and K073210

E. Device Description

The NMI Ports are subcutaneous implantable venous access devices with one reservoir and are designed for optional power injection of contrast media, CECT. The ports are designed to be accessed using a non-coring Huber needle introduced through the skin into the self-sealing silicone septum covering the reservoir.

NMI Ports are available in plastic or titanium single lumen and valved or non-valved configurations. The ports are available with either silicone filled or non-filled suture fixation holes. Ports with non-filled suture fixation holes are generally utilized based on clinical need to anchor the port to the subcutaneous tissue; whereas ports with filled suture holes, designed to prevent tissue in-growth to the suture holes, are generally utilized when not anchoring the port to the subcutaneous tissue. If needed, filled suture holes are accessed through the silicone. All port configurations have a radiopaque identifier (CT mark) as a power injectable port. The radiopaque catheter has graduated marks at 1 centimeter intervals and can be cut to the desired length by the clinician. Ports are provided with a variety of procedural accessories.

F. Intended Use

The NMI Ports with and without PASV Valve Technology are indicated for patients who require long-term access to the central venous system for administration of fluids including but not limited to hydration fluids, chemotherapy, analgesics, nutritional therapy and blood products. The device is also indicated for blood specimen withdrawal. When used with a power injectable needle, the NMI Ports are indicated for power injection of contrast media. The maximum recommended infusion rate is 5 ml/sec with a 19G or 20G non-coring power injectable needle or 2 ml/sec with a 22G non-coring power injectable needle.

G. Summary of Similarities and Differences in Technological Characteristics and Performance

The proposed device has similar materials, design and components and technological characteristics as predicate port catheters. Both the NMI Ports and predicate devices are, in brief, intended for patients who require long-term access to the central venous system for administration of fluids including but not limited to hydration fluids, chemotherapy, analgesics, nutritional therapy and blood products, available in single lumen configurations, plastic or titanium port body and 6 or 8 F outside catheter diameter, rated for maximum power injector settings up to 300 psi with maximum power injection flow rate up to 5 ml/second based on model, and available kitted with a range of procedural accessories.

H. Performance Data

The performance evaluation of the NMI Port included testing conducting in accordance with the following FDA guidance documents and international standards:

- FDA's "Guidance on 510(k) Submissions for Implanted Infusion Ports dated October 1990.
- EN ISO 10555-1:2009, Sterile, Single Use Intravascular Catheters Part 1: General Requirements
- EN ISO 10555-3:1997 COR 2002, Sterile, Single Use Intravascular Catheters Part 3: Central Venous Catheters
- FDA's "Guidance on Premarket Notification [510(k)] Submission for Short-Term and Long-Term Intravascular Catheter dated March 16, 1995.
- Biocompatibility per ISO 10993-1

The proposed NMI Port successfully passed relevant testing per the above Guidance and standards including:

- Internal Product Specification Requirements
- Power Injection
- Valve Integrity
- Port Septum Testing
- Chemical/Vesicant Compatibility

I. Conclusion

Based on successful results of testing and on responses to questions posed in FDA's 510(k) Decision Making Tree, the proposed device is determined to be substantially equivalent to the predicate devices.



Food and Drug Administration 10903 New Hampshire Avenue Document Control Center - WO66-G609 Silver Spring, MD 20993-0002

April 30, 2013

Ms. Lorraine M. Hanley Vice President Global Regulatory Affairs Navilyst Medical, Incorporated 26 Forest Street MARLBOROUGH MA 01752

Re: K122767

Trade/Device Name: NMI Port

Regulation Number: 21 CFR 880.5965

Regulation Name: Subcutaneous, Implanted, Intravascular Infusion Port and Catheter

Regulatory Class: II Product Code: LJT Dated: March 22, 2013 Received: March 25, 2013

Dear Ms. Hanley:

We have reviewed your Section 510(k) premarket notification of intent to market the device referenced above and have determined the device is substantially equivalent (for the indications for use stated in the enclosure) to legally marketed predicate devices marketed in interstate commerce prior to May 28, 1976, the enactment date of the Medical Device Amendments, or to devices that have been reclassified in accordance with the provisions of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (Act) that do not require approval of a premarket approval application (PMA). You may, therefore, market the device, subject to the general controls provisions of the Act. The general controls provisions of the Act include requirements for annual registration, listing of devices, good manufacturing practice, labeling, and prohibitions against misbranding and adulteration. Please note: CDRH does not evaluate information related to contract liability warranties. We remind you, however, that device labeling must be truthful and not misleading.

If your device is classified (see above) into either class II (Special Controls) or class III (PMA), it may be subject to additional controls. Existing major regulations affecting your device can be found in the Code of Federal Regulations, Title 21, Parts 800 to 898. In addition, FDA may publish further announcements concerning your device in the Federal Register.

Please be advised that FDA's issuance of a substantial equivalence determination does not mean that FDA has made a determination that your device complies with other requirements of the Act or any Federal statutes and regulations administered by other Federal agencies. You must comply with all the Act's requirements, including, but not limited to: registration and listing (21 CFR Part 807); labeling (21 CFR Part 801); medical device reporting (reporting of medical device-related adverse events) (21 CFR 803); good manufacturing practice requirements as set forth in the quality systems (QS) regulation (21 CFR Part 820); and if applicable, the electronic product radiation control provisions (Sections 531-542 of the Act); 21 CFR 1000-1050.

If you desire specific advice for your device on our labeling regulation (21 CFR Part 801), please contact the Division of Small Manufacturers, International and Consumer Assistance at its toll-free number (800) 638-2041 or (301) 796-7100 or at its Internet address http://www.fda.gov/MedicalDevices/ResourcesforYou/Industry/default.htm. Also, please note the regulation entitled, "Misbranding by reference to premarket notification" (21 CFR Part 807.97). For questions regarding the reporting of adverse events under the MDR regulation (21 CFR Part 803), please go to

http://www.fda.gov/MedicalDevices/Safety/ReportaProblem/default.htm for the CDRH's Office of Surveillance and Biometrics/Division of Postmarket Surveillance.

You may obtain other general information on your responsibilities under the Act from the Division of Small Manufacturers, International and Consumer Assistance at its toll-free number (800) 638-2041 or (301) 796-7100 or at its Internet address http://www.fda.gov/MedicalDevices/ResourcesforYou/Industry/default.htm.

Sincerely yours,

Anthony D. Watson, B.S., M.S., M.B.A.

Director

Division of Anesthesiology, General Hospital, Respiratory, Infection Control and Dental Devices

Office of Device Evaluation

Center for Devices and

Radiological Health

Enclosure

Indications for Use

510(k) Number (if Known):		<u> </u>	
Device Name: NMI Port			
Indications for Use:			
The NMI Ports with and without require long-term access to the but not limited to hydration flu products. The device is also in	central venous s ids, chemotherap	ystem for administration of by, analgesics, nutritional tl	fluids including
When used with a power inject contrast media. The maximum coring power injectable needle	recommended in	nfusion rate is 5 ml/sec wit	h a 19G or 20G non-
,			
		·	
	•		
Prescription Use (21 CFR 801 Subpart D)	And/Or	AND/OR Over-The-Cour (21 CFR 801 Subpart C)	nter Use:
(PLEASE DO NOT WRITE BELO NEEDED)	W THIS LINE-C	CONTINUE ON ANOTHE	ER PAGE IF
Concurrence of CDRH, Office of Device Evaluation (ODE)			Richard C. Chapman 2013.04.29 15:22:45 -04'00'
		Off) sthesiology General Hosp ol, Dental Devices	oital
	510(k) Numbe	r:K122767	4-2